INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members of MABEN NIDHI LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **Maben Nidhi Limited**, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2019, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Statement of Cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, and its Profit/Loss, and its Cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

There is no material uncertainty related to going concern

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of
 the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on
 whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the
 operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of The Companies Act 2013, we give in the Annexure 1, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us.
 - c. In our opinion, the company has no independent branches and hence there is no need to prepare report on the accounts of Branch Office of the company audited under sub section (8).
 - d. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from branches not visited by us.
 - e. In our opinion the aforesaid financial statements comply with Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - In our opinion, the comments or observations don't have any adverse effect on functioning of the company.
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - h. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2)of the Act.

 With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2".

With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
- the Company does not have any long-term contracts requiring a provision for material foreseeable losses.
- iii) The Company does not have any amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protect

For, MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES

(PARTNER)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Chalakudy MEMBERSHIP No. 232105

Dated 25-07-2019 FIRM.No.008520S

Annexure 1 to the Independent Auditors' Report of Maben Nidhi LimitedAs of and for the year ended March 31, 2019 (referred to in our report of even date)

(i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets. (b) The fixed assets of the company have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical inventory have been noticed. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. The title deed of immovable property is held in the name of the company. (c) (ii) The Company has no inventory and hence Para 3 (ii) of the Companies (Auditors Report) order, 2016 is not applicable to the company. (iii) The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. (iv) The company has not granted any loans, investments, guarantees, and security covered under the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence this clause is not applicable to the company. (v) Since company is a Nidhi Company, section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act are not applicable to the company. The Company has accepted deposit from its members which are in accordance with Nidhi Rules 2014. The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records (vi) under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any services rendered by the company. (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues. (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues outstanding of Income tax, Sales tax, Customs duty, Service tax, Excise duty and cess on account of any dispute. The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to financial (viii) institutions or banks.

The company has not raised any money by way of public offer or further public offer

including debt instruments and term loans and hence this clause is not applicable.

(ix)

- (x) As more fully discussed in Note 36 to the financial statements and as informed by the management, we report that during the year there have been certain instances of Fraud on the company by outsiders by way of spurious gold pledging and some instances of theft gold pledging aggregating to Rs 24.91 lakhs. The company is taking appropriate legal actions to recover the same.
- (xi) Managerial Remuneration had been paid by the company during the year in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to Companies Act.
- (xii) The company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the liability and the Company is maintaining ten per cent unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability.
- (xiii) All the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in financial statements, as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- (xiv) Since the company is a Nidhi company, section 42 of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable to the Company
- (xv) The company has not entered into any non cash transactions with Directors or persons connected with him.
- (xvi) The Company was notified as a Nidhi Company under section 620A of the Companies Act, 1956 and accordingly exempted from registration under the provisions of Section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For, MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES

VANI.C.R (PARTNER) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS MEMBERSHIP No.232105 FIRM.No.008520S

Chalakudy Dated 25-07-2019 Annexure 2 to The Independent Auditor's Report Of Even Date On The Financial Statements Of Maben Nidhi Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub Section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Mahen Nidhi Limited ("the company") as of 31st March, 2019 in conjunction with our Audit of the standalone financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) and the standards on Auditing ,issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act,2013,to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external

Purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company,(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance may with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the company, has in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2019, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For, MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES

VANI.C.R

(PARTNER)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERSHIP No.232105

FIRM.No.008520S

Chalakudy

Dated 25-07-2019

STATUTORY AUDITORS CERTIFICATE

(Pursuant to Rule 22 of Nidhi Rules, 2014)

This is to certify that, on the basis of books of accounts and other relevant documents verified by us and as per explanations given to us by the management, **MABEN NIDHI LIMITED** has complied with all the provisions contained in Nidhi Rules – 2014, and have not contravened any of the provisions contained in the said rules.

For, MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES

VANLC.R (PARTNER) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS MEMBERSHIP No.232105 FIRM.No.008520S

Chalakudy Dated 25-07-2019